



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF FOSSIL ENERGY NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY



# CATALYTIC UNMIXED COMBUSTION OF COAL WITH ZERO POLLUTION

## **CONTACT POINTS**

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#### **PROJECT COST**

\$845,425

#### PROJECT DURATION

10/01/03 - 9/30/05

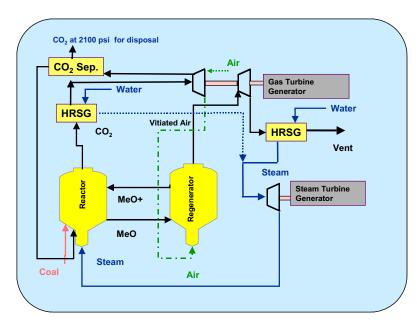
### **WEBSITE**

www.netl.doe.gov



# **Description**

Unmixed combustion (UMC) is a GE-proprietary technology that appears to offer superior performance with respect to thermodynamic efficiency and low pollutant emissions. The process converts pulverized coal into separate streams of sequestration-ready  $CO_2$  (including other pollutants such as  $SO_2$ ,  $NO_x$ , and Hg) and a clean hot gas stream for turbines. This approach significantly reduces pollution control costs by reducing the volume of gas that must be cleaned. In addition,  $NO_x$  formation due to nitrogen from the air is considerably minimized. The entire process is conducted at elevated pressure, which permits the heat generated by catalyst regeneration to be used in a combined cycle for electricity production and shaft work. Also, the elevated pressure reduces the cost of subsequent  $CO_2$  treatment prior to sequestration. For power generation with gas turbine and steam turbine, preliminary ASPEN Plus simulation suggests that the UMC-Coal concept including  $CO_2$  separation can have a net process efficiency of 43% of coal high heating value (HHV).

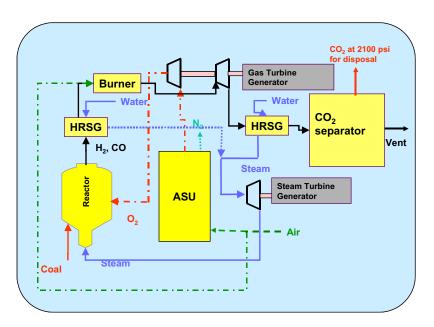


UMC Process Integrated with a Combined-Cycle Plant

#### **PARTNERS**

**GE Global Research** Irvine, CA

**Southern Illinois University** Carbondale, IL



Process Flow Diagram for a Typical IGCC Process with CO, Separation

## Goals

The goals of this project are as follows:

- Demonstrate in a two-reactor pilot-scale system the unmixed combustion (UMC) of coal with metal oxide catalysts;
- Conduct lab- and pilot-scale tests;
- Perform engineering and economic analyses; and
- Prepare a full-scale conceptual design of the UMC process.



Three-reactor pilot unit will be reconfigured to a two-reactor system.

# Accomplishments

As of April 2004, the global process analysis has been completed. The ASPEN Plus simulation suggests an overall process efficiency of 43% of coal HHV, which is about 9% higher than other advanced technologies now being developed to include  ${\rm CO_2}$  separation.